ishable by a term of imprisonment up to twice that otherwise authorized, or up to twice the fine otherwise authorized, or both," to reflect the probable intent of Congress.

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 101-647, §3599L, substituted "has become final" for "have become final".

Pub. L. 101–647, §1003(c)(2), which directed the substitution of "is subject to three times the maximum punishment otherwise authorized" for "is punishable by a term of imprisonment up to three times that authorized, or up to three times the fine authorized, or both," was executed by making the substitution for "is punishable by a term of imprisonment up to three times that otherwise authorized, or up to three times the fine otherwise authorized, or both," to reflect the probable intent of Congress.

1988—Subsec. (a)(3). Pub. L. 100-690, §6459, added par. (3).

Subsec. (c). Pub. L. 100-690, §6452(b)(1), struck out "or convictions" after "a prior conviction" and inserted at end "Penalties for third and subsequent convictions shall be governed by section 841(b)(1)(A) of this title."

Subsec. (e). Pub. L. 100-690, §6470(d), struck out "required by section 841(b) of this title" after "mandatory term of imprisonment".

§ 862. Denial of Federal benefits to drug traffickers and possessors

(a) Drug traffickers

- (1) Any individual who is convicted of any Federal or State offense consisting of the distribution of controlled substances shall—
 - (A) at the discretion of the court, upon the first conviction for such an offense be ineligible for any or all Federal benefits for up to 5 years after such conviction;
 - (B) at the discretion of the court, upon a second conviction for such an offense be ineligible for any or all Federal benefits for up to 10 years after such conviction; and
- (C) upon a third or subsequent conviction for such an offense be permanently ineligible for all Federal benefits.
- (2) The benefits which are denied under this subsection shall not include benefits relating to long-term drug treatment programs for addiction for any person who, if there is a reasonable body of evidence to substantiate such declaration, declares himself to be an addict and submits himself to a long-term treatment program for addiction, or is deemed to be rehabilitated pursuant to rules established by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

(b) Drug possessors

- (1) Any individual who is convicted of any Federal or State offense involving the possession of a controlled substance (as such term is defined for purposes of this subchapter) shall—
 - (A) upon the first conviction for such an offense and at the discretion of the court—
 - (i) be ineligible for any or all Federal benefits for up to one year;
 - (ii) be required to successfully complete an approved drug treatment program which includes periodic testing to insure that the individual remains drug free;
 - (iii) be required to perform appropriate community service; or
 - (iv) any combination of clause (i), (ii), or (iii); and
 - (B) upon a second or subsequent conviction for such an offense be ineligible for all Federal

benefits for up to 5 years after such conviction as determined by the court. The court shall continue to have the discretion in subparagraph (A) above. In imposing penalties and conditions under subparagraph (A), the court may require that the completion of the conditions imposed by clause (ii) or (iii) be a requirement for the reinstatement of benefits under clause (i).

(2) The penalties and conditions which may be imposed under this subsection shall be waived in the case of a person who, if there is a reasonable body of evidence to substantiate such declaration, declares himself to be an addict and submits himself to a long-term treatment program for addiction, or is deemed to be rehabilitated pursuant to rules established by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

(c) Suspension of period of ineligibility

The period of ineligibility referred to in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be suspended if the individual—

- (A) completes a supervised drug rehabilitation program after becoming ineligible under this section;
 - (B) has otherwise been rehabilitated; or
- (C) has made a good faith effort to gain admission to a supervised drug rehabilitation program, but is unable to do so because of inaccessibility or unavailability of such a program, or the inability of the individual to pay for such a program.

(d) Definitions

As used in this section-

- (1) the term "Federal benefit"—
- (A) means the issuance of any grant, contract, loan, professional license, or commercial license provided by an agency of the United States or by appropriated funds of the United States; and
- (B) does not include any retirement, welfare, Social Security, health, disability, veterans benefit, public housing, or other similar benefit, or any other benefit for which payments or services are required for eligibility; and
- (2) the term "veterans benefit" means all benefits provided to veterans, their families, or survivors by virtue of the service of a veteran in the Armed Forces of the United States.

(e) Inapplicability of this section to Government witnesses

The penalties provided by this section shall not apply to any individual who cooperates or testifies with the Government in the prosecution of a Federal or State offense or who is in a Government witness protection program.

(f) Indian provision

Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect the obligation of the United States to any Indian or Indian tribe arising out of any treaty, statute, Executive order, or the trust responsibility of the United States owing to such Indian or Indian tribe. Nothing in this subsection shall exempt any individual Indian from the sanctions provided for in this section, provided that no individual Indian shall be denied any

benefit under Federal Indian programs comparable to those described in subsection (d)(1)(B) or (d)(2) of this section.

(g) Presidential report

- (1) On or before May 1, 1989, the President shall transmit to the Congress a report—
 - (A) delineating the role of State courts in implementing this section;
 - (B) describing the manner in which Federal agencies will implement and enforce the requirements of this section;
 - (C) detailing the means by which Federal and State agencies, courts, and law enforcement agencies will exchange and share the data and information necessary to implement and enforce the withholding of Federal benefits: and
 - (D) recommending any modifications to improve the administration of this section or otherwise achieve the goal of discouraging the trafficking and possession of controlled substances
- (2) No later than September 1, 1989, the Congress shall consider the report of the President and enact such changes as it deems appropriate to further the goals of this section.

(h) Effective date

The denial of Federal benefits set forth in this section shall take effect for convictions occurring after September 1, 1989.

(Pub. L. 91–513, title II, § 421, formerly Pub. L. 100–690, title V, § 5301, Nov. 18, 1988, 102 Stat. 4310; renumbered § 421 of Pub. L. 91–513 and amended Pub. L. 101–647, title X, § 1002(d), Nov. 29, 1990, 104 Stat. 4827.)

CODIFICATION

Section was classified to section 853a of this title prior to renumbering by Pub. L. 101-647.

AMENDMENTS

1990—Pub. L. 101–647, 1002(d)(1), renumbered section 853a of this title as this section. Subsec. (a)(1). Pub. L. 101-647, 1002(d)(2), struck out

Subsec. (a)(1). Pub. L. 101-647, §1002(d)(2), struck out "(as such terms are defined for purposes of the Controlled Substances Act)" after "controlled substances" in introductory provisions.

§ 862a. Denial of assistance and benefits for certain drug-related convictions

(a) In general

An individual convicted (under Federal or State law) of any offense which is classified as a felony by the law of the jurisdiction involved and which has as an element the possession, use, or distribution of a controlled substance (as defined in section 802(6) of this title) shall not be eligible for—

- (1) assistance under any State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.], or
- (2) benefits under the food stamp program (as defined in section 3(l) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 [7 U.S.C. 2012(l)]) or any State program carried out under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 [7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.].

(b) Effects on assistance and benefits for others

(1) Program of temporary assistance for needy families

The amount of assistance otherwise required to be provided under a State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.] to the family members of an individual to whom subsection (a) of this section applies shall be reduced by the amount which would have otherwise been made available to the individual under such part.

(2) Benefits under the Food Stamp Act of 1977

The amount of benefits otherwise required to be provided to a household under the food stamp program (as defined in section 3(l) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 [7 U.S.C. 2012(l)]), or any State program carried out under the Food Stamp Act of 1977 [7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.], shall be determined by considering the individual to whom subsection (a) of this section applies not to be a member of such household, except that the income and resources of the individual shall be considered to be income and resources of the household.

(c) Enforcement

A State that has not exercised its authority under subsection (d)(1)(A) of this section shall require each individual applying for assistance or benefits referred to in subsection (a) of this section, during the application process, to state, in writing, whether the individual, or any member of the household of the individual, has been convicted of a crime described in subsection (a) of this section.

(d) Limitations

(1) State elections

(A) Opt out

A State may, by specific reference in a law enacted after August 22, 1996, exempt any or all individuals domiciled in the State from the application of subsection (a) of this section.

(B) Limit period of prohibition

A State may, by law enacted after August 22, 1996, limit the period for which subsection (a) of this section shall apply to any or all individuals domiciled in the State.

(2) Inapplicability to convictions occurring on or before August 22, 1996

Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to a conviction if the conviction is for conduct occurring on or before August 22, 1996.

(e) "State" defined

For purposes of this section, the term "State" has the meaning given it—

(1) in section 419(5) of the Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. 619(5)], when referring to assistance provided under a State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act [42 II S.C. 601 et social and

Act [42 U.S.C. 601 et seq.], and
(2) in section 3(s) of the Food Stamp Act of
1977 [7 U.S.C. 2012(s)], when referring to the
food stamp program (as defined in section 3(l)
of the Food Stamp Act of 1977 [7 U.S.C. 2012(l)])
or any State program carried out under the
Food Stamp Act of 1977 [7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.].

(f) Rule of interpretation

Nothing in this section shall be construed to deny the following Federal benefits:

(1) Emergency medical services under title XIX of the Social Security Act [42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.].